U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health



National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health

## How To Find Information About Complementary and Integrative Health Practices on PubMed<sup>®</sup>

Want to know what the science says about a complementary and integrative health topic?

Try looking it up in <u>PubMed<sup>®</sup></u>, a U.S. government database that includes citations for more than 32 million scientific papers.

A new, updated version of PubMed went online in 2020, so you can use it on a computer, tablet, or phone.

This guide shows you several common types of searches you might want to try. Follow along with us as we search for publications on:

- A complementary health approach (the herb echinacea)
- Complementary health approaches for a condition (depression)
- Studies funded by the National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) on a specific topic (tai chi)

We'll also show you how to:

- Get the full text of an article if it's available
- Have your search results sent to you
- Narrow your search
- Find out about advanced search features

If you need more detailed information, go to the <u>PubMed User Guide</u>.

## Searching for Publications About a Complementary Health Approach

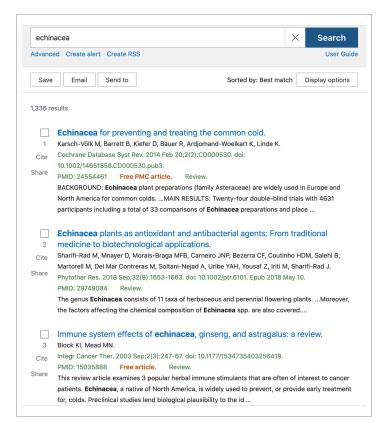
Let's search for publications about the herb echinacea.

1. Go to PubMed at <u>pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov</u>. A search box will appear.

2. Type echinacea into the search box.



3. Hit the "Search" button. You'll get a list of results like these:



You can now go through the list of citations to find the ones that interest you.

To read the abstract of a paper listed on your search results page, click on its title. Here's what the beginning of an abstract in PubMed looks like. Review > Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2014 Feb 20;2(2):CD000530. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD000530.pub3.

## Echinacea for preventing and treating the common cold

Marlies Karsch-Völk <sup>1</sup>, Bruce Barrett, David Kiefer, Rudolf Bauer, Karin Ardjomand-Woelkart, Klaus Linde

Affiliations + expand PMID: 24554461 PMCID: PMC4068831 DOI: 10.1002/14651858.CD000530.pub3 Free PMC article

#### Abstract

**Background:** Echinacea plant preparations (family Asteraceae) are widely used in Europe and North America for common colds. Most consumers and physicians are not aware that products available under the term Echinacea differ appreciably in their composition, mainly due to the use of variable plant material, extraction methods and the addition of other components.

Objectives: To assess whether there is evidence that Echinacea preparations are effective and safe compared to placebo in the prevention and treatment of the common cold.

Search methods: We searched CENTRAL 2013, Issue 5, MEDLINE (1946 to May week 5, 2013), EMBASE (1991 to June 2013), CINAHL (1981 to June 2013), AMED (1985 to February 2012), LILACS (1981 to June 2013), Web of Science (1955 to June 2013), CAMBASE (no time limits), the Centre for Complementary Medicine Research (1988 to September 2007), WHO ICTRP and

#### Searching for Publications on Complementary Approaches for a Health Condition

Perhaps you're interested in finding out what complementary approaches are used for a specific health condition—let's use depression as an example. A good term to use for this type of search is "complementary therapies."

1. Go to PubMed at <u>pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov</u>.

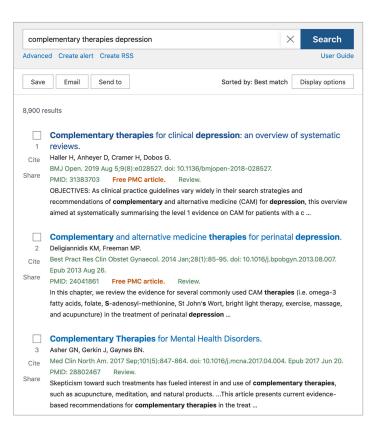
#### 2. Type complementary therapies and

depression into the search box.



3. Hit the "Search" button.

You'll get results like these.



# Searching for NCCIH-Funded Studies

Perhaps you're interested in seeing what research NCCIH has funded on a specific topic—let's use tai chi as an example. There's a special way to do this that takes advantage of one of PubMed's Advanced Search features.

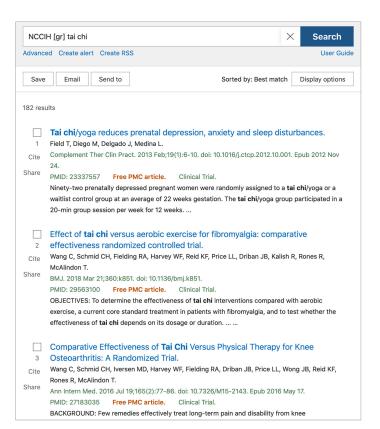
1. Go to PubMed at pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov.

2. Type **NCCIH [gr]** into the search box, followed by **tai chi.** The "[gr]" is a search field tag that searches specifically for a grant number.

Pub Med.gov	
NCCIH [gr] tai chi	Search
Advanced	

3. Hit the "Search" button.

Here are the results:



### **Getting Full-Text Articles**

The full text of some papers listed in PubMed is available for free from PubMed Central<sup>®</sup> (PMC).

If full text is available through PMC, you'll see this icon on the right-hand side of the abstract page, next to the paper's title.



Just click on the icon and you can read the full paper. In most instances, you can also download it as a PDF file or in other formats.

#### How To Have Your Search Results Sent to You

You may want to have the results of a PubMed search sent to you so you can review them later.

1. After you've completed your search, click on "Email" below the search box.

NCCIH [gr] tai chi	× Search
Advanced Create alert Create RSS	User GL
Save Email Send to	Sorted by: Best match Display options

2. You'll see this popup. You can use it to have the search results sent to you by email.

Email ci	tations	
Subject:	NCCIH [gr] tai ch	i - PubMed
* To:	email@example	.com
Selection:	All results on th	iis page 🔶
Format:	Summary	\$
	l'm not a ro	bot ReCAPTCHA Privacy - Terms
Se	nd email	Cancel

#### **Narrowing Your Search**

PubMed searches often produce large numbers of results. There are several ways to narrow down a search to make it easier to find the information you're looking for. In this section, we'll talk about:

- Adding more search terms
- Changing the display options
- Using filters

Adding More Search Terms

If you narrow your topic, you can focus your search to get more useful results.

For example, our search for "echinacea" produced 1,325 results. But perhaps you're only interested in echinacea as a treatment for colds. If you add "colds" as a second search term, you'll get a more manageable 175 results.

Advanced	Create alert	Create RSS		User Guid
Save	Email	Send to	Sorted by: Best match	Display options

Changing the Display Options

Sometimes when you search PubMed, you want to see the most recent research on a topic. PubMed can arrange your search results in this way.

Find the "Display options" box in the top right-hand corner of the page. You'll see that the display options are automatically set to "Best match."

echinacea	× Search
Advanced Create alert Create RSS	User Guid
Save Email Send to	Sorted by: Best match Display options
1,337 results	
Echinacea for preventing and treating t Karsch-Völk M, Barrett B, Kiefer D, Bauer R, Ardjc	

To see the most recent papers instead, click on "Display options." A drop-down menu will appear. Click on the menu for "Sort by" and choose "Publication date."

Sorted by	: Best match	Display options
DISPLAY (	OPTIONS	
Format	Summary	\$
Sort by	Best match Most recent	
Per page	Publication da First author	ate

Your citations will now appear with the most recently published papers at the top of the list.



#### **Using Filters**

To the left of your list of search results, you'll see a group of options called "Filters." You can use filters to limit the results of your search.

For example, you could limit your results to papers published in the past 5 years, those that have free full text available, or those that report on randomized controlled trials. You can also use more than one filter at the same time.

TEXT AVAILABILITY
Abstract
Free full text
Full text
ARTICLE ATTRIBUTE
Associated data
ARTICLE TYPE
Books and Documents
Clinical Trial
Meta-Analysis
Randomized Controlled Trial
Review
Systematic Review
PUBLICATION DATE
🔘 1 year
5 years
10 years
Custom Range
Additional filters
Reset all filters

### **Using Advanced Search**

PubMed uses multiple tools to help you find relevant results. In most instances, you can find what you need by typing just one or two search terms into PubMed; it's not necessary to use special tags or syntax. However, these tools are available. See the Advanced Search section of the <u>PubMed User Guide</u> for more information. On the PubMed User Guide page, Advanced Search is one of the options in the menu on the right-hand side. The Advanced Search section of the guide explains how you can search by a specific field, browse the index of search terms, see your PubMed search history, view search details, and more.

#### **Need More Help?**

This guide has only scratched the surface of what you can do with PubMed. For information on other topics, such as searching by author or journal, expanding a search, or finding a specific citation, go to the <u>PubMed User Guide</u>.

You can also call or email the <u>NCCIH Clearinghouse</u> to help you find information in PubMed on the specific complementary health topic you're researching.

#### **NCCIH Clearinghouse**

The NCCIH Clearinghouse provides information on NCCIH and complementary and integrative health approaches, including publications and searches of Federal databases of scientific and medical literature. The Clearinghouse does not provide medical advice, treatment recommendations, or referrals to practitioners.

Toll-free in the U.S.: 1-888-644-6226 tty (for deaf and hard-of-hearing callers): 1-866-464-3615 Website: https://nccih.nih.gov/ Email: info@nccih.nih.gov

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